

## TERMS OF THE NEWS.

THE DAILY NEWS, by mail one year, \$3; six months, \$2; three months, \$1.50. Served in the city at \$1.00 per week, payable to the carrier, or \$3 a year, paid in advance at the office. The NEWS is published on Tuesday, Wednesday and Saturday, one year \$4; six months \$2.50; three months \$1.50. Ten copies, to one address, \$15. Subscribers in all cases payable in advance, and no paper continued after the expiration of the time paid for.

Address: RICHARD, DAWSON & CO.  
No. 149 East Bay, Charleston, S. C.

## The Charleston News.

MONDAY, JULY 31, 1871.

Persons leaving the city during the summer season can have THE DAILY NEWS mailed to their address at One Dollar per month, payable in advance.

## NEWS OF THE DAY.

—Gold closed at New York on Saturday at 124 1/2.

—Cotton closed quiet and lower at 20 cents; sales 623 bales.

—In Liverpool cotton closed flat; uplands 8 1/4, Orleans 9 1/4; sales 8000 bales.

—Lemons have been grown this season in Southern Florida.

—The cotton trade of Cincinnati amounts to \$5,000,000 annually.

—The "Cassian" operation is said to have been recently performed by a New Haven physician, both mother and child surviving.

—Alexandria, Virginia, is reported to be making a fresh start in the march of improvement. A large number of buildings are going up there.

—Baron Rothschild, of London, has presented to his jockey, Tom French, who won the late Derby races for him, the sum of £1000, and besides allowed him an annuity of £200.

—The average weight of the cotton bales received at New Orleans during the year ending June 30th, 1871, amounts to 451 pounds—the 1,297,557 bales exported weighing 585,490,483 pounds, and being worth \$63,882,013.

—The average weight of the cotton bales in the year ending June 30th, 1870, amounted to 449 pounds—New Orleans 998,959 bales, weighing 455,462,826 pounds, and valued at \$100,985,603.

—The planters of Florida are substituting Swedish laborers for their colored field and farm hands. A planter, writing from Quincy, says of the Swedes: "I have had one with me since last October. From the first day he picked as much cotton as any hand in the field, made the best bread I ever had around a sugar furnace, beat all the hands at splitting rails, and is as good a ploughman as there is on the farm. The best of it all is, he never drinks, has no steals, and is a type of the rest of them."

—By way of Havana, we learn that the King of Spain has issued a proclamation forbidding the importation of coolies into Cuba.

The reasons given for this step are not humanitarian, but political. The King is not so much opposed to serfdom and peonage as to the introduction of what he considers a disturbing political element. Unfortunately for both views of the Cuban coolie problem, the planters and factors of the "ever-faithful" island, according to the New York Tribune, go on importing Chinese laborers just as though Americans had not spoken at all.

—The staid London Athenaeum, in the course of its otherwise solemn comment on the Orange riot in New York, indulges in what it would probably call a "whiff" at that city's "local topic." It informs its readers that "James Flak, of Erie notoriety, commands the Ninth, and turned out with his regiment to protect the procession. Some one hit him with a club, but unfortunately only broke his ankle; but his death was reported on Orange, and Erie stock immediately rose. It is, he dies, thought the shrewd ones in Wall street, the eleventh commandment may again have a meaning in New York, so they bought on that very remote chance."

—Mention has been heretofore made in THE NEWS of the success of a Scandinavian resident of Georgia in procuring the immigration of Swedish laborers to that State. It is now stated that this gentleman, Mr. W. J. Foss, who recently brought a number of Swedes to Jasper and Putnam counties, is going back to Sweden about the last of August, and will return with more immigrants some time in December next. Parties desiring to send for servants are notified to write to him, stating whether they reside in town or in the country, and what description of servants they want. This is something practical, and probably more effective than any amount of "State aid" would procure.

—The Boston Medical and Surgical Journal of July 29 has a communication from Dr. N. R. Smith, of Baltimore, showing the poisonous effects of hydrate of chloral when persistently used for the purpose of producing sleep, and fatal results of large doses. Five cases of death from its use, four of them in that city, some of them very sudden, are mentioned. When given in small doses, and continuously, for some time, it seems to produce gangrene of the extremities. Given in large doses, and especially where the system may have been charged with it by its previous administration, it exerts its deadly effects upon the heart or brain, perhaps on both, and causes immediate death. It is believed that chloral, entering into the blood, develops chloroform in that fluid, the amount developed being determined not merely by the quantity taken, but by the condition of the fluid. As to the use of chloroform itself, this experienced surgeon says the more he has used it, the less has his confidence become in its harmlessness.

—A company of land proprietors, owning about two hundred acres of land near the city of Louisville, for which they paid at the rate of \$105 per acre, have managed to put themselves in the way of making a good deal of money by entering into a speculation which needed only tact, enterprise, and liberality in expending money—in advertising and otherwise—to make their venture a success. They bought the land on the first of June, and immediately proceeded to lay it out in squares, streets and avenues, well fenced and white-washed, and named appropriately—establishing, in fact, a complete town, minus the houses, public buildings, &c. Having progressed thus far, they next advertised the sale extensively in the city and interior papers of Kentucky and neighboring States, prepared "taking" maps of the site of the proposed new village, built a short railroad to the line of the property at an expense of \$35,000, and during the days of sale spread a fine lunch free to all comers. The result was that a large throng—mostly mechanics—attended, and the enterprise of the parties was rewarded by selling one-half of the tract for \$250,000. The other half, the most valuable portion of the property, was reserved by the owners, who, it is thought with reason, will realize a large fortune within less than six months' time from their enterprise.

—The Baltimore Sun, of Friday, says: "Mrs. Elizabeth G. Wharton, confined in the Baltimore City Jail on the charge of poisoning

General Ketchum, of Washington, and attempting to poison Mr. Eugene Van Ness, of Baltimore, continues to evince a degree of self-control that is truly surprising. She converses very freely upon the subject of the alleged murder, and in every instance when the matter is alluded to protests her entire innocence. She appears perfectly calm and collected, and after reading on Tuesday the charges made against her by her sister-in-law, Mrs. J. G. Wharton, who accuses her of having poisoned both Mr. J. G. Wharton and his child, pronounced the charges false in every particular. She complains that she is the victim of the most unfortunate circumstantial evidence, and speaks with the greatest confidence of the ability of her lawyers to prove her innocence. The only time that she has ever evinced any extraordinary emotion was when it was hinted that a plea of insanity would be entered in her case. Her daughter, Miss Nellie Wharton, remains constantly in attendance upon her mother. The pale cheeks of the young lady testify to her grief, yet Miss Wharton continues to bear up nobly, though her delicate constitution will, it is feared, succumb to the sorrow she experiences. Frequent ineffectual attempts have been made to induce her to leave the prison. The case comes up for trial, before Judge Gilmer, at the September term of the Criminal Court."

## The Tug of War.

Citizens of Charleston! Upon your behavior, during these pregnant days, depend your personal welfare and public security. This is the tide in your affairs. You must take it at the flood. Unless you now strike home, there is no redemption for Charleston, until, in the course of decades, South Carolina Radicalism shall become liberal, intelligent and pure.

The enemy are uneasy and depressed. Their candidates do not, and cannot, command the united support of the party. But, with unflinching courage, they will struggle to the end. The Radical leaders are not sanguine, but they do not despair. In this city they will resort to every dodge known to the unscrupulous politician. Their runners are at work outside the corporate limits, and will attempt to flood Charleston with country negroes.

The videttes have already arrived, and will present themselves for registration to-day.

All the power which their control over the State Government gives them will be used by the Pillsbury crew to carry this eventful election. The situation is surrounded with difficulties. These, however, the Conservatives can overcome.

Citizens of Charleston! So far you have done well, but the tug of war is at hand.

To-day and to-morrow, a desperate effort will be made to register the repeaters, and the plantation raiders, who are hired by Radical officials to vote down the merchants and mechanics of Charleston. This danger must be met squarely. Assemble by the hundreds at the polling precincts. Watch every new-comer from prowling about the streets. Keep your eye on every man who offers to register. Challenge all suspicious characters. When your challenge is overruled, seek out the place of residence of the would-be voter, ascertain whether his sworn statements are correct, and if he has perjured himself, make an affidavit of the facts, and require, as you have the right to do, his immediate arrest. Do not depend on the ward working committees. They are not large enough; this was proved on Saturday. Give up three days to Charleston and to yourselves. Rally around the precincts, and, that there may be concert of action, report for orders and instructions to the chairmen of wards, or their delegates, whom you will find where work is most hard and the danger great. This is the programme for to-day and to-morrow. On Wednesday every Conservative citizen, who is not incapacitated by age or disease, should be at the polls in his ward from the time that the balloting begins until it finally closes. Nor hunger nor thirst should tempt the good citizen from his post. You endured and suffered during years of war, to meet defeat at last. Be diligent and determined for three days, and the battle with corruption is won. Count the cost of defeat, and you will spare no pains to succeed. This, above all, bear ever in mind. With no illegal voting, on Wednesday, you must triumph. But any want of vigilance, in allowing a swarm of James Island and Berkeley negroes to register, may lead to your overthrow. And a defeat now by an irruption of illegal voters from the parishes means the breaking up of the Conservative party, and the lasting predominance of the Pillsbury, the Mackeys and the Cairns, who would make your city a desert and your Council Chamber a den of thieves.

Citizens of Charleston! Think of the issues which these few days decide. Remember the momentous interests which are at stake. Be earnest, be patient, be brave. Buckle on your armor, not to be taken off until the Radical hydra is grovelling in the dust—until the wine of victory flushes your cheeks, and tells you that the strife, this time, has not been in vain!

TIME IS SHORT. REGISTER TO-DAY.

## The Two Tickets.

On Tuesday last the Radical Convention met in this city for the purpose of nominating candidates for Aldermen, to be voted for on Wednesday next. The delegates had been exhorted to choose trustworthy and respectable men, and were warned that a Riff-Raff ticket, made up in the main of vicious or obscure candidates, would not receive the support of the thin end of the conservative wing of their party. This plain talk was like whistling to the wind. The ticket, as a whole, was so monstrous as to nauseate

similar doses three years and one year ago. A blast was sounded by the party organ. It declared that it would soon vote for the ticket, and urged upon its Radical readers the absolute duty of working to defeat it. This was the last feather, and the Radical Left had their choice between a certain rout at the polls, and a reconstruction of their ticket. They chose the latter alternative, called their convention together on Friday night, and put forth an amended list of candidates, as printed in our issue of Saturday. How far they were controlled by the advice and threats of their soft-spoken brethren the reconstructed ticket shows.

In Wards 2, 6 and 8 no change was made, the former candidates being renominated. Ward 1 received Mr. B. O'Neill and Alderman J. F. Greene, instead of Mr. T. J. Mackeay and Coroner Taft. In Ward 3 Alderman R. Howard (colored) was substituted for A. F. Farrar. Ward 4 was given Mr. Moses Goldsmith in place of Major E. Willis, who had preemptorily declined to be a candidate. In Ward 6 A. Aspinwall was substituted for A. Grant—one colored man for another. Mr. Cameron was renominated, but has again declined to serve. For Ward 5 Mr. E. D. Easton was nominated to replace Jno. A. Mashington, but Mr. Easton refuses to serve on any consideration. Mr. O'Neill and Mr. Goldsmith likewise decline. The reconstructed ticket, therefore, is not a whit better than it was on Tuesday, when it was abused and condemned by every intelligent man in the Radical ranks. The new ticket is no purer or stronger than the old. Both are tarred with the same brush and made of the same rotten material. Neither the first nor the last deserves the support of any person who has at heart the interests of the city.

We ask any candid citizen, whatever his politics, to compare the two tickets. The Citizens' ticket represents all classes and all shades of moderate political opinion. It represents the blacks and the whites, the mechanic, the laborer and the merchant, the adopted citizen and the native Charlestonian. There is not upon it one man whom the whole community cannot trust. The Radical ticket, on the other hand, has upon it but one man who represents, in the least, the stability and property of the city. It is a class ticket, made up by corrupt politicians for purposes of personal gain.

We ask the one or two respectable candidates upon the Riff-Raff ticket, whether they have any hope of influencing the large majority who only know decency by name? Do they not understand that they will be outvoted upon all occasions? Can they not see that, if elected, they will, whatever their personal innocence, share the disgrace and ruin which the new Council will bring upon the city? As honest citizens they cannot become members of the Contract Ring. Yet upon their shoulders, in the public mind, will rest the blame and reproach.

Do NOT PROCRASTINATE. REGISTER TO-DAY.

## The Raising Voters.

We have positive information that a party of country negroes came into the city by the Northeastern Railroad on Saturday, holding themselves in readiness to register and vote at the municipal elections. These men admitted that they were not residents of Charleston, and excused themselves by saying that one of the county officials (whose name they gave) had told them to come in and vote. Their names are known to the ward committees. They will be challenged as soon as they offer to register.

Other gangs may be expected to arrive in Charleston to-day, both from James Island and the parishes. They will defeat the Citizens' ticket if they escape discovery. The registration is as important as the voting, because every man whose name is found on the register will be allowed to deposit his ballot. We must meet the Radical enemy to-day and to-morrow. Every citizen should constitute himself an amateur detective, making it his special care to hunt down illegal voters. Four or five hundred citizens, working at the precincts for these two days, will make illegal registration highly dangerous. And if we can keep down repeaters, and exclude the raiders, the Citizens' ticket must be elected by a handsome majority.

UNLESS YOU REGISTER YOU CANNOT VOTE. REGISTER TO-DAY.

## Pillsbury as a Know-Nothing.

A letter has reached us from Springfield, Massachusetts, giving more particulars of the close and intimate connection of Mayor Pillsbury with the Know-Nothing party. It is declared that he was regarded as one of the most thorough-paced Know-Nothings in the old Bay State, displaying in his adhesion to the party the zeal which is now spent in fudging fat jobs for the members and connections of his household. As the enemy of all foreign-born citizens, as a wish-wash executive officer, as an official who winks at the influx of illegal voters from the parishes while he draws his salary in Charleston, Mayor Pillsbury richly merits an ignominious defeat. Citizens of Charleston, give him his deserts!

THOUSANDS OF CITIZENS ARE STILL UNREGISTERED. ARE YOU ONE OF THE NUMBER? THEN, REGISTER TO-DAY.

## Blowing Hot and Cold.

The Radical Organ, in its issue of Saturday, plucks up heart of grace and discusses the merits of the reconstructed Radical ticket in this wise:

"We have no hesitation in saying that two or three of the candidates for Aldermen selected by all means be defeated."

This is to the purpose, although it does not go very far. But the Organ doesn't stick. In the same article it pats the ticket on the back in this fashion:

"There is flat contradiction in this advice. At one moment the Organ proposes to defeat certain of the party candidates as unworthy of election. With the next breath it exhorts its followers to elect these very men, i. e. the whole ticket."

The Organ is confused, and for some days has mixed things fearfully. No wonder. To defend the reconstructed ticket successfully would demand more than the proverbial in-

genuity of a Philadelphia lawyer. It may, indeed, be hinted that an Organ of literary power could not present that ticket from being a miserable abortion. A bulk purse can't be made out of a sow's ear!

REGISTER YOURSELF AND REMIND YOUR NEIGHBOR TO DO HIS DUTY.

## Two Plain Questions.

The *Republican* has prated a deal at times about its desire to get a good and respectable government for Charleston. Now we have two plain questions to put to it: Does it honestly believe that the Radical ticket, short as it is, of the redeeming names of O'Neill, Estlin, Cameron and Goldsmith, is composed of men fitted by experience, intelligence, business tact, or recognized integrity to grapple with and solve the difficulties which environ our city government?

Can it deny that the Citizens' ticket is composed, in great measure, of men peculiarly gifted with these very qualifications?

We pause for a reply.

TURN OUT EARLY THIS MORNING AND REGISTER IN GOOD TIME.

## How the People's Money Goes.

The watering of the shell road is a very fair sample of the kind of economy indulged in by our present city government. For this indispensable operation, indifferently well performed, Inspector Jenks, the son-in-law of our Massachusetts Mayor, draws from the city treasury the modest sum of twelve dollars a day.

Suppose this little job to be given out by contract to the highest bidder. Does anybody believe it would cost the city anything like that figure? Men would be glad to do the work for less than half the money!

YOU HAVE NO TIME TO SPARE. REGISTER, OR YOU CANNOT VOTE.

## A Pretty Lieutenant-Governor.

Ransier was heard to say on Saturday evening that the Radical ticket should be elected, if he himself had to bring over five hundred island negroes to vote in it.

Men of Charleston, we tell you if Pillsbury should be re-elected by foul-work like this, the fault will be your own! Be on hand at your registration precinct the whole of to-day and to-morrow. The battle is to be won there. There is plenty of work for every good citizen. Satisfy yourselves that every applicant for registration is what he swears himself to be. Be vigilant, be patient, be untiring! To win will be worth all your pains.

## Married.

WALKER-KIRBY—On the 25th instant, at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. C. C. Pinckney, Pastor of Grace Church, GEORGE KIRBY, son of Mr. C. C. Pinckney, and ANNIE KIRBY, daughter of Captain G. D. Kirby, late of S. A. All of this city.

## Funeral Notices.

THE RELATIVES AND FRIENDS of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Gordon Young are invited to attend the Funeral Services of their child, ELLEN GAILLARD YOUNG, at St. Michael's Church, THIS AFTERNOON, at six o'clock. July 29

THE RELATIVES, FRIENDS AND Acquaintances of Mr. and Mrs. J. Clark and family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services of their young son, ARTHUR S. CLARK, THIS AFTERNOON, at 4 o'clock, at their residence, No. 96 Calhoun street, without further invitation. July 31

## Obituary.

KORBER.—Departed this life, at her residence in this city, S. C., July 29, 1871. Mrs. A. M. Korber, widow of late G. H. Korber, aged 58 years 9 months and 20 days.

## To Rent.

TO RENT IN THE GROWING TOWN of Lewisville, S. C., (on the South Carolina Railroad), a newly finished Store and Kitchen, with a good yard. Store 22 by 60 feet. Terms reasonable. Address D. McIVER, St. Matthews, S. C. July 31

TO RENT THE STORE AND DWELLING southeast corner of Anson and Society streets, lately occupied by Mr. S. H. WILSON as a grocery. Apply at No. 237 King street. July 29

TO RENT, FOUR ROOMS, AT NO. 11 Doughty street. Apply within. July 29

TO RENT THE STORE AND UPPER part of the House, No. 201 King street, from the first of September. The upper part is in complete order for a residence, and the store is conveniently arranged with shelves, counters and every thing. Apply at No. 4 S. B. street, or No. 143 East Bay, corner of Dally Alley. July 27-1m2

## Boarding.

BOARD IN NEW YORK. A person wishing genteel BOARD in the City of New York for the summer months, in a house patronized by Southern families, will find it to their taste and advantage to call on the subscriber at No. 1 North Washington Square, before making other engagements. Mrs. W. H. W. July 1-1m

BOARDING.—A FEW GENTLEMEN can be accommodated with good board and pleasant rooms, on moderate terms, by applying at No. 12 Wentworth street. DAY BOARDS also furnished. July 31

## Building Material.

FOR SALE. 50,000 Prime CYPRESS SHINGLES, to arrive. Apply to E. C. HOLLAND, Commercial Wharves. July 29

CYPRESS LUMBER, TIMBER AND SHINGLES. 125,000 FEET 4-4, 6-4, 8-4 PLANK, and 4 by 6 and 6 by 6 Scantling, in rafters. 75,000 Cypress Shingles, at \$6 and \$8 per M. Also, 100,000 PLASTERING LATHS, 4 1/2 ft. at \$3 per M. J. H. TEINMEYER, West end Beaufain and Wentworth streets. July 29-wm3

SHINGLES! SHINGLES! Just received, a fine lot. For sale low at BUILDERS' DEPOT, No. 94 Church street. June 1

FOR SALE, SEVERAL SEWING MACHINES, of good quality, which are offered cheap. Call at No. 27 Queen street, between Meeting and Church streets. July 1

AT PRIVATE SALE, MARLBOROUGH PLANTATION, on Rocky Creek Swamp, Orangeburg District, South Carolina, 15 miles from Blackville, on South Carolina Railroad, and 18 miles from Charleston, on Charleston Branch Road, Charleston and Augusta and Charleston and Columbia Railroads, containing 1225 acres of land, 233 of which is cleared and under good fence; about 40 acres more cleared, but not under fence—all of which is first-class cotton and corn land; the balance is first-class timber land. A first-class Circular Saw Mill (water) in order for immediate use, on a constant stream. Lumber, shingles, and all other goods, which will be sold at a low price. Also, a good lot of land, 233 of which is cleared and under good fence; about 40 acres more cleared, but not under fence—all of which is first-class cotton and corn land; the balance is first-class timber land. A first-class Circular Saw Mill (water) in order for immediate use, on a constant stream. 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